Experiment Name: Determination of pH in given water sample as per Indian Standards

Objective:

To determine the pH of water samples using standard procedures as per the guidelines outlined in IS 3025 (Part 11): 1983.

Apparatus and Materials

- 1. **pH Meter**: A calibrated electronic pH meter with a sensitivity of 0.1 pH units.
- 2. **Electrode**: Combination glass electrode or equivalent suitable for aqueous samples.
- 3. Beakers: 100 mL or 250 mL capacity.
- 4. **Distilled Water**: For rinsing electrodes.
- 5. Buffer Solutions:
 - o pH 4.0
 - o pH 7.0
 - o pH 9.2 (or pH 10.0, depending on expected sample pH range).
- 6. **Sample Containers**: Clean, non-reactive, and leak-proof containers for collecting wastewater.
- 7. **Thermometer**: To measure the sample temperature (optional, depending on pH meter capabilities).
- 8. **Filter Paper**: If the sample contains significant suspended solids.

Procedure

A. Calibration of pH Meter

- 1. **Setup**: Turn on the pH meter and allow it to stabilize.
- 2. Buffer Calibration:
 - o Rinse the electrode with distilled water and blot it dry with a clean tissue.
 - o Immerse the electrode in pH 7.0 buffer solution and adjust the meter to read 7.0.
 - Repeat calibration with pH 4.0 and pH 9.2 (or 10.0) buffer solutions to ensure accuracy across the range.
- 3. **Stabilization**: Ensure the readings stabilize before recording.

B. Sample Preparation

- 1. Collection:
 - o Collect water samples in clean containers.
 - o If immediate measurement is not possible, store samples at 4°C and test within 24 hours.
- 2. **Filtration** (if necessary):
 - o If the sample contains suspended solids, filter it using clean filter paper.

C. Measurement of pH

1. Prepare the Electrode:

o Rinse the electrode with distilled water and blot dry.

2. Sample Testing:

- o Pour the wastewater sample into a clean beaker.
- o Insert the electrode into the sample, ensuring it is fully submerged and not touching the sides or bottom of the beaker.

3. Stabilize Reading:

o Allow the pH reading to stabilize and record the value.

4. Repeat for Accuracy:

o Perform at least two measurements and take the average if necessary.

Observation Table

S.No.	Sample	pH Value	Avg. pH	Acid/base on pH Scale	Temperature	Avg. Temp.

Result

The pH of the water sample is determined and recorded to the nearest 0.1 pH unit.

Reporting/Conclusion

- 1. Report the measured pH of the water sample.
- 2. Mention any unusual observations or deviations from standard conditions.

Precautions

- 1. Ensure the pH meter is properly calibrated before use.
- 2. Do not touch the glass bulb of the electrode; it is delicate and may break.
- 3. Avoid cross-contamination by rinsing the electrode with distilled water between samples.
- 4. Maintain a consistent sample temperature during testing.
- 5. Handle wastewater samples with care; wear gloves and protective equipment if required.

References

- IS 3025 (Part 11): 1983 Methods of Sampling and Test (Physical and Chemical) for Water and Wastewater, Part 11: Determination of pH.
- Relevant environmental regulations by the Central Pollution Control Board (CPCB), India.